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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | . FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 10/771,859 | 02/03/2004 | David J. Domingues | PIL0009/US/2 | 3505 |
| 33072 KAGAN BIND | 7590 05/14/200 ER, PLLC | EXAMINER | | |
| | APLE ISLAND BUILI | WONG, LESLIE A | | |
| STILLWATER | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | , 1761 | |
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| • | | , | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 05/14/2007 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|---|--|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summary | | 10/771,859 | DOMINGUES ET AL. | | | |
| | | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| · | | Leslie Wong | 1761 | | | |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | | | | | | |
| Status | • | | | | | |
| 1) | Responsive to communication(s) filed on | | | | | |
| | | action is non-final. | • | | | |
| 3) | Since this application is in condition for allowar | nce except for formal matters, pro | secution as to the merits is | | | |
| | closed in accordance with the practice under E | | | | | |
| Dispositi | on of Claims | | | | | |
| 4) 🛛 | Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | |
| | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw | | | | | |
| | Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ | Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | |
| 7) | Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 8)[| Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | r election requirement. | | | | |
| Applicati | on Papers | | | | | |
| 9) | The specification is objected to by the Examine | r. | | | | |
| | The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce | | Examiner. | | | |
| | Applicant may not request that any objection to the | | | | | |
| | Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti | ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj | ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | |
| 11) | The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | aminer. Note the attached Office | Action or form PTO-152. | | | |
| Priority u | inder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. | | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
| Attachmen | Ne) | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) | | | | | | |
| 2) Notic 3) Inform | e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date | Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa | ite | | | |

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The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 24-30 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-23 of U.S. Patent No. 6692779. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because applying a bacterial suspension to form an inoculated product does not differ from inoculating a food product.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-4 and 6-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hutkins et al (US 5186962)

Hutkins et al teach a food product comprising an edible food item and a dormant, hydrated nontoxic lactic acid microorganism such as *Pediococcus*, wherein the nontoxic microorganism release by-products into the food product to inhibit the growth of harmful microorganism as is claimed (see entire patent, especially claims 1, 8, and 11). Hutkins et al also teach the food product to include meat and vegetable products and about 10³- 10⁹ CFU cells bacteria per gram of food (column 11, lines 40-67).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

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the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hutkins et al (US 5186962) in view of Gaier (US 5645877).

Hutkins et al is cited as above.

The claims differ as to the specific use of Streptoccocus thermophilus.

Gaier teaches *Streptococcus thermophilus* as a lactic acid bacteria (see entire document, especially column 3, lines 39-50).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to use *Streptococcus thermophilus* as taught by Gaier in that of Hutkins because *Streptococcus thermophilus* is a conventional lactic acid bacteria. Applicant is using known components for their known function to obtain no more than expected results.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leslie Wong whose telephone number is 571-272-1411. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Milton Cano can be reached on 571-272-1398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Leslie Wong

Primary Examiner

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LAW May 10, 2007